ASSAY FOR DETECTION OF PSORIASIS PATIENT RESPONSE TO GENISTEIN TREATMENT

Market

Psoriasis is a chronic, non-infectious, inflammatory disease of the skin, what is more, it is one of the most frequently occurring dermatoses with an immunological basis. It occurs worldwide, affecting approximately 1-3% of the global population most often in Europe and North America. According to report "Psoriasis Disease Landscape and Forecast 2014-2019" published by Decision Resource Group, psoriasis market is expected to grow in 2024 to almost \$9 billion.

Technology

The evaluation of the dermatological of patients with psoriasis before and after the treatment is based on the doctor's assessment PGPA or BSA index. using the PASI, parameters are characterized by difficulty correct and repeated assessment of the patient. Molecular assay described herein provides method of identifying molecular response of patients suffering from psoriasis to genistein treatment. The invention relates to the use of quantitative polymerase chain reaction with the imaging in real time (real-time gRT-PCR, i.e. real-time quantitative Reverse Transcription-PCR), allowing to learn the level of expression genes involved in the pathomechanism psoriasis, being potential genetic markers (30 genes) to explore new molecular response in patients with psoriasis to treatment with genistein. Alterations in mRNA level of selected genes performed to determine were the transcriptional profile of human keratinocytes treated with genistein, and particular to explore the expression of 30 genes involved in the pathomechanism of psoriasis. Modulation of the expression level of these genes causes processes in the or increases keratinocytes proliferation of human affected by psoriasis.

Psoriasis - Opportunity Analysis and Forecasts to 2024 Psoriasis market 10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 0 2018 2021 2024 mln USD The highest incidence of psoriasis in Europe in 2017 thousands 1 000 2 000 3 000 Austria Azerbaijan Belgium **Belarus** Czech Republic France Greece **Spain Netherlands** Germany **Poland Portugal** Romania <u>Switzerland</u> Sweden Turkey Ukraine Hungary **Great Britain** Italy ■ number of people in thousands suffering from psoriasis











TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER OFFICE

Technology highlights

- Quantitative polymerase chain reaction with real-time imaging (real-time qRT-PCR).
- The assay is based on expression analysis of 30 psoriasis-related genes via DNA microarray to explore new molecular response in patients undergoing psoriasis treatment with genistein.
- 3 Determined transcriptional profile of human keratinocytes treated with genistein, in particular expression of 30 genes involved in pathomechanism of psoriasis.

Authors

Prof. Magdalena Gabig-Cimińska Marta Moskot PhD Elwira Smolińska Prof. Joanna Jakóbkiewicz-Banecka Prof. Grzegorz Węgrzyn

> Department of Biology University of Gdańsk

Commercialization opportunities



- Licensing agreement
- Transfer of ownership
- Spin off

IP Status



The invention was submitted for patenting according to Polish (P.410454) and international (PCT/PL2015/000198) procedures.

Implementation progress



TRL 4

Technology validated in laboratory conditions







Summary

Psoriasis, a chronic inflammatory skin disease affecting about 1-3% of the worldwide population often in Europe and North The clinical picture of the disease which results from the heterogeneous, multifactorial background, the effects i.e. of genetic, environmental and immune system disturbances (including autoimmunology dysfunction).

Genistein, a soy-derived isoflavone has attracted attention as a potent agent in treatment of psoriasis, not only due to its anti-proliferative and immunosuppressive properties, but also as a mediator modulating expression of various genes, whose products are involved in different phases of the inflammation and proliferation. Additionally, it has antioxidant, anti-mutagenic, anticancer, anti-atherogenic, anti-allergic, hypotensive, antipyretic, anti-bacterial and many other properties.

A way of identifying the response of psoriasis patient to treatment with genistein allowing to learn the level of expression of genes involved in the pathomechanism of psoriasis is presented. A group of genes whose activity can be monitored and used as an indicator of the effectiveness of the therapeutic action of genistein was identified.

Technology Transfer Office



tto@ug.edu.pl



+48 58 523 33 74 +48 58 523 33 75



ul. Jana Bazynskiego 1a 80-309 Gdansk, Poland

